

# Neuberger Berman Genesis Fund

[NB.COM/GENESIS](http://NB.COM/GENESIS)
**TICKER:** Institutional Class: NBGIX, Class R6: NRGSX, Investor Class: NBGNX, Trust Class: NBGEX, Advisor Class: NBGAX

## Fund Highlights

- Long-term commitment to high-quality, small-cap investing
- Invest in companies with strong balance sheets, high free cash flow, above-average profitability, at what we believe are below-average valuations
- Lead portfolio managers have managed the Fund together since 1997

## Portfolio Characteristics<sup>3</sup>

Portfolio Assets (\$bn)	12.4
Number of Holdings	103
Median Market Capitalization (\$bn)	6.3
Beta (10 Year)	0.76
Forward Price/Earnings Ratio	28.19
Sharpe Ratio (10 Year)	0.78
Standard Deviation (10 Year)	15.16
Upside Capture (10 Year) (%)	78.23
Downside Capture (10 Year) (%)	75.77
Portfolio Turnover as of 05/31/21 (%)	12
Active Share	95

## Top 10 Holdings (%)

Pool Corp.	3.3
Bio-Techne Corp.	2.7
Manhattan Associates, Inc.	2.4
West Pharmaceutical Services, Inc.	2.4
Fox Factory Holding Corp.	2.3
Aspen Technology, Inc.	1.9
Fair Isaac Corp.	1.8
Power Integrations, Inc.	1.7
Nexstar Media Group, Inc.	1.7
Rogers Corp.	1.6

## Investment Performance

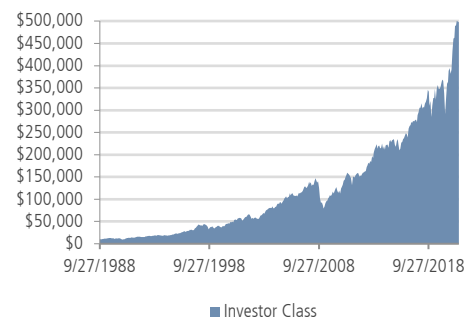
As of June 30, 2021\*

AT NAV	Quarter	YTD	AVERAGE ANNUALIZED					Since Inception	EXPENSE RATIOS <sup>2</sup>
			1 Year	3 Year	5 Year	10 Year	Gross Expense		
Institutional Class	1.75	8.45	37.41	16.26	16.31	12.60	12.82	0.84	
Class R6	1.78	8.50	37.55	16.37	16.41	12.64	12.74	0.75	
Investor Class	1.71	8.37	37.21	16.07	16.12	12.41	12.67	1.01	
Trust Class	1.68	8.32	37.07	15.98	16.03	12.31	12.64	1.09	
Advisor Class	1.61	8.17	36.72	15.68	15.73	12.01	12.41	1.35	
Russell 2000 <sup>®</sup> Index <sup>1</sup>	4.29	17.54	62.03	13.52	16.47	12.34	10.33		

**Performance data quoted represent past performance, which is no guarantee of future results.** The investment return and principal value of an investment will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original costs. Results are shown on a "total return" basis and include reinvestment of all dividends and capital gain distributions. Current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted. For current performance data, including current to the most recent month end, please visit [www.nb.com/performance](http://www.nb.com/performance).

\*The inception dates for Neuberger Berman Genesis Fund Class R6, Institutional, Investor, Trust, and Advisor Classes are 3/15/13, 7/1/99, 9/27/88, 8/26/93, and 4/2/97, respectively. The inception date used to calculate benchmark performance is that of the Investor Class.

## \$10,000 Hypothetical Investment<sup>4</sup>



## Annual Returns (%)

	Fund (Investor Class)	Benchmark
2020	24.84	16.25
2019	29.44	25.52
2018	-6.67	-11.01
2017	15.59	14.65
2016	18.14	21.31
2015	0.26	-4.41
2014	-0.22	4.89
2013	36.99	38.82
2012	9.93	16.35
2011	4.70	-4.18

## Portfolio Composition (%)

Common Stocks	98.6
Cash & Cash Equivalents	1.4

*An investor should consider the Fund's investment objectives, risks and fees and expenses carefully before investing. This and other important information can be found in the Fund's prospectus, and if available summary prospectus, which you can obtain by calling 877.628.2583. Please read the prospectus, and if available the summary prospectus, carefully before making an investment.*

## Sector Breakdown (%)<sup>5</sup>

	Fund	Benchmark
Information Technology	26.1	13.5
Industrials	18.7	14.2
Consumer Discretionary	14.5	11.7
Financials	13.8	15.0
Health Care	13.1	21.1
Materials	3.9	3.8
Communication Services	3.6	3.9
Consumer Staples	3.5	3.1
Real Estate	1.5	6.8
Energy	0.0	4.3
Utilities	0.0	2.4

## Management Team

### JUDITH VALE, CFA

41 Years of Industry Experience

### ROBERT D'ALELIO

42 Years of Industry Experience

### BRETT REINER

21 Years of Industry Experience

### GREGORY G. SPIEGEL

26 Years of Industry Experience

Foreign securities involve risks in addition to those associated with comparable U.S. securities.

An individual security may be more volatile, and may perform differently, than the market as a whole.

Markets may be volatile and values of individual securities and other investments, including those of a particular type, may decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, economic or other developments that may cause broad changes in market value, public perceptions concerning these developments, and adverse investor sentiment or publicity.

National economies are increasingly interconnected, as are global financial markets, which increases the possibilities that conditions in one country or region might adversely impact issuers in a different country or region. Some countries, including the U.S., have in recent years adopted more protectionist trade policies. The rise in protectionist trade policies, changes to some major international trade agreements and the potential for changes to others, could affect the economies of many nations in ways that cannot necessarily be foreseen at the present time. Equity markets in the U.S. and China have been very sensitive to the outlook for resolving the U.S.-China "trade war," a trend that may continue in the future.

High public debt in the U.S. and other countries creates ongoing systemic and market risks and policymaking uncertainty, and there may be a further increase in the amount of debt due to the economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic and ensuing public health measures. Governments and central banks have moved to limit the potential negative economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic with interventions that are unprecedented in size and scope and may continue to do so, but the ultimate impact of these efforts is uncertain. Governments' efforts to limit potential negative economic effects of the pandemic may be altered, delayed, or eliminated at inopportune times for political, policy or other reasons. Interest rates have been unusually low in recent years in the U.S. and abroad, and central banks have reduced rates further in an effort to combat the economic effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Because there is little precedent for this situation, it is difficult to predict the impact on various markets of a significant rate increase or other significant policy changes. Over the longer term, rising interest rates may present a greater risk than has historically been the case due to the current period of relatively low rates and the effect of government fiscal and monetary policy initiatives and potential market reaction to those initiatives or their alteration or cessation.

The Fund may experience periods of heavy redemptions that could cause the Fund to sell assets at inopportune times or at a loss or depressed value.

Redemption risk is heightened during periods of declining or illiquid markets.

To the extent the Fund invests more heavily in particular sectors, its performance will be especially sensitive to developments that significantly affect those sectors.

Compared to larger companies, small- and mid-cap companies may depend on a more limited management group, may have a shorter history of operations, and may have limited product lines, markets or financial resources. The securities of small- and mid-cap companies are often more volatile and less liquid than the securities of larger companies and may be more affected than other types of securities by the underperformance of a sector or during market downturns.

Value stocks may remain undervalued or may decrease in value during a given period or may not ever realize what the portfolio management team believes to be their full value.

A decline in the Fund's average net assets during the current fiscal year due to market volatility or other factors could cause the Fund's expenses for the current fiscal year to be higher than the expense information presented.

The Fund and its service providers, and your ability to transact with the Fund, may be negatively impacted due to operational matters arising from, among other problems, human errors, systems and technology disruptions or failures, or cybersecurity incidents. It is not possible for the Manager or the other Fund service providers to identify all of the cybersecurity or other operational risks that may affect the Fund or to develop processes and controls to completely eliminate or mitigate their occurrence or effects.

No risk management program can eliminate the Fund's exposure to adverse events; at best, it may only reduce the possibility that the Fund will be affected by such events, and especially those risks that are not intrinsic to the Fund's investment program.

The Fund may not be able to sell an investment at the price at which the Fund has valued the investment.

1 The Russell 2000<sup>®</sup> Index is a float-adjusted market capitalization-weighted index that measures the performance of the small-cap segment of the U.S. equity market. It includes approximately 2,000 of the smallest securities in the Russell 3000<sup>®</sup> Index (which measures the performance of the 3,000 largest U.S. public companies based on total market capitalization). The index is rebalanced annually in June. Please note that indices do not take into account any fees and expenses or taxes of investing in the individual securities that they track, and that individuals cannot invest directly in any index. Data about the performance of these indices are prepared or obtained by the Manager and include reinvestment of all dividends and capital gain distributions.

The Fund may invest in many securities not included in the above-described index.

2 Gross expense represents the total annual operating expenses that shareholders pay (after the effect of fee waivers and/or expense reimbursement). The Fund's investment manager has contractually undertaken to waive and/or reimburse certain fees and expenses of the Fund so that the total annual operating expenses are capped (excluding interest, taxes, brokerage commissions, acquired fund fees and expenses, dividend and interest expenses relating to short sales, and extraordinary expenses, if any; consequently, total (net) expenses may exceed the contractual cap) through 8/31/2024 for Class R6 at 0.75%, for Trust Class at 1.50%, for the Institutional Class at 0.85% and for Advisor Class at 1.50% (each as a % of average net assets). As of the Fund's most recent prospectuses, the Manager was not required to waive or reimburse any expenses pursuant to this arrangement. Absent such arrangements, which cannot be changed without Board approval, the returns may have been lower. Information as of the most recent prospectuses dated December 15, 2020.

## Neuberger Berman Genesis Fund

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3 Figures are derived from FactSet as of 06/30/21. The Fund's Investor Class was used to calculate **Beta**, a measure of the magnitude of a fund's past share price fluctuations in relation to the fluctuations in the stock market (as represented by the fund's benchmark). While not predictive of the future, funds with a beta greater than 1 have in the past been more volatile than the benchmark, and those with a beta less than 1 have in the past been less volatile than the benchmark.

**The Forward Price/Earnings (P/E)** ratio is the weighted harmonic aggregate of the Forward P/E ratios of all the stocks currently held in the Portfolio. The Forward P/E ratio of a stock is not a forecast of the Fund's performance and is calculated by dividing the current ending price of the stock by its forecasted calendar year Earnings Per Share (EPS). The forecasted EPS of a company is based on consensus estimates, not Neuberger Berman's own projections, and it may or may not be realized. In addition, any revision to a forecast could affect the market price of a security. By quoting them herein, Neuberger Berman does not offer an opinion as to the accuracy of, and does not guarantee, these forecasted numbers. The ratio shown excludes companies with negative EPS.

**Sharpe Ratio** is a measure of the risk adjusted return of a portfolio. The ratio represents the return gained per unit of risk taken. It is calculated by taking the excess return (annualized return less the risk free rate) divided by the standard deviation. To calculate the Sharpe Ratio, we require the time series of returns for the portfolio and the risk free rate returns, but not a benchmark. The Sharpe ratio is useful for comparing the performance of managers on a risk adjusted basis. The manager with the higher Sharpe Ratio is considered to have performed better taking risk into account.

**Standard Deviation** is a statistical measure of portfolio risk. The Standard Deviation describes the average deviation of the portfolio returns from the mean portfolio return over a certain period of time.

Standard Deviation measures how wide this range of returns typically is. The wider the typical range of returns, the higher the Standard Deviation of returns, and the higher the portfolio risk.

**Up Capture Ratio** is a measure of the manager's performance in up markets relative to the market itself. A value of 110 suggests the manager performs ten percent better than the market when the market is up.

During the selected time period, the return for the market for each period is considered an up market period if it is greater than zero. The returns for the manager and the market for all up periods are calculated.

The Upside Capture Ratio is calculated by dividing the return of the manager during the up market periods by the return of the market during the same periods. Down Capture Ratio is a measure of the manager's performance in down markets relative to the market itself. A value of 90 suggests the manager's loss is only nine tenths of the market's loss. During the selected time period the return for the market for each period is considered a down market period if it is less than zero. The returns for the manager and the market for all down periods are calculated.

**The Downside Capture Ratio** is calculated by dividing the return of the manager during the down periods by the return of the market during the same periods.

**Active Share** measures the percentage of mutual fund assets that are invested differently from the benchmark, and will range between 0% and 100%. Funds with an active share below 20% are likely to be pure index funds, while those with an active share between 20% and 60% are considered to be closet index funds.

4 The hypothetical analysis assumes an initial investment of \$10,000 made on September 27, 1988, the inception date of the Fund's Investor class. This analysis assumes the reinvestment of all income dividends and other distributions, if any. The analysis does not reflect the effect of taxes that would be paid on Fund distributions. The analysis is based on past performance and does not indicate future results. Given the potential fluctuation of the Fund's Net Asset Value (NAV), the hypothetical market value may be less than the hypothetical initial investment at any point during the time period considered. The above analysis also does not compare the Fund's relative performance to the Fund's prospectus benchmark, Russell 2000® Index. Please see annualized performance table.

5 Figures are derived from FactSet as of 06/30/21. The Global Industry Classification Standard<sup>SM</sup> is used to derive the component economic sectors of the benchmark and the Fund. The Global Industry Classification Standard ("GICS")<sup>SM</sup> was developed by, and is the exclusive property of, MSCI and Standard & Poor's. "Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS)," "GICS" and "GICS Direct" are service marks of MSCI and Standard & Poor's.

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